



Sterling Financial Holdings Company PLC.

WHISTLE BLOWING POLICY AND PROCEDURE

Version 1.0

WARNING AND DISCLAIMER

This Whistle Blowing Policy & Procedure is the property of Sterling Financial Holdings Company PLC and it is designed for use and compliance by stakeholders of Sterling Financial Holdings Company PLC and its subsidiaries ("The Group").

Circulation is restricted to The Group and must not be copied or used by any other person or organization outside The Group without prior written authorization.

The Group disclaims any responsibility or liability for any use or misuse of this Policy by any person or group outside The Group and also makes no warranty as to the accuracy or suitability of the Policy to any third party.

Any misuse of the policy may not be redressed by The Group.

SECTION 1.0: INTRODUCTION

The prevalence of misconduct in organizations particularly banks and other financial institutions, in recent past, underscores the need to institute rigorous policies to allow employees and other stakeholders bring unethical and illegal practices to the fore to minimize the damage such misconduct can cause to different stakeholders.

Whistleblowing refers to the escalation of alleged misconduct and unethical practices by an employee who is directly or indirectly, permanently or temporarily employed by The Group.

A whistle blower is any person including employee, directors, depositors, creditors, service providers, consultants, and other stakeholders of an institution who voluntarily discloses or reports any form of unethical behavior, possible misconduct or abuse that has occurred, is ongoing, or is about to occur with specific concerns which are in the public interest, to appropriate authority. These behaviors include:

- Abuse of power, company assets and resources
- Bribery and corruption
- Willful concealment of information
- Violation of The Group 's policies and procedures, code of ethics as may be communicated periodically
- Violation of health and safety standards.
- Inappropriate dissemination of confidential information
- Threat to The Group and stakeholders' interest such as fraudulent and discriminatory practices
- Theft

The objective of whistleblowing is to encourage all stakeholders to bring unethical conduct and illegal violations, perceived to occur or occurring, to the attention of appropriate authority for remediation. This Policy applies to all directors and employees of Sterling Financial Holdings Company PLC and its subsidiaries and affiliates. All subsidiaries and affiliates must domesticate the use of the policy to the extent allowed by local laws and regulations.

SECTION 2.0: SCOPE OF THE POLICY

This policy and procedure is designed to enable employees and other relevant stakeholders of The Group report acts of impropriety through dedicated channels which should not be based on mere speculation, rumors or gossip but on knowledge of verifiable facts or circumstances to indicate that the reportable misconduct has occurred or is likely to occur.

The reportable misconducts or concerns covered by this Policy are:

- All forms of financial malpractice, impropriety, or fraud
- Failure to comply with legal obligations or statutes
- Actions detrimental to health & safety or the environment
- Any form of criminal activity
- Improper conduct or unethical behavior
- Sexual or physical abuse
- Direct/indirect or veiled coercion to do/aid inappropriate activities
- Unprofessional conduct and acts that may tarnish The Group 's image
- Failure to comply with regulatory directives
- Other forms of corporate governance breaches
- Undisclosed insider related transactions
- Attempts to conceal any of these acts listed above etc.

This policy impacts all employees of The Group, irrespective of position, location, or function.

TYPE OF WHISTLEBLOWING

There are two types of whistle blowers namely:

1. **Internal Whistleblowers** - Employees who report incidents of misconduct involving direct reports, peer, supervisor/superior or top management staff in The Group.
2. **External Whistleblowers** - Non-staff of The Group such as customers, suppliers, service providers, shareholders, analysts, consultants, job applicants, and other members of the public.

SECTION 3.0: ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

The under listed are the roles and responsibilities of key parties in the whistleblowing process:

S/N	Responsible Stakeholders	Responsibilities
1	Whistleblower	<p>Whistleblowers are expected to act in good faith and should refrain from making false accusations when reporting their concern(s).</p> <p>They should also provide further evidence at his/her disposal to aid investigation of the issues reported.</p>
2	Suspects/Accused	<p>Suspects have a duty to cooperate with investigators during the period of investigation including provision of relevant information, documents or other materials as may be required by the investigator.</p>
3	Group Chief Audit Executive/ Investigator	<p>The Group Chief Audit Executive shall review all concerns /cases reported through the internal and external reporting mechanism and recommend appropriate actions to the Group Chief Executive Officer (GCEO); where issues affect Executive Management, such issues shall be reported to the Board. The Board or GCEO shall take appropriate action to redress the situation within a reasonable time.</p> <p>The Investigator is expected to handle all matters professionally, confidentially, and promptly, He/ she shall be independent and unbiased in carrying out investigation.</p> <p>The Investigator has the responsibility of acknowledging all concern(s) reported and reporting on the progress of the investigation to the Whistleblower.</p> <p>The Investigator shall refrain from discussing or disclosing matters under investigation referred to him.</p> <p>The Group Chief Audit Executive shall provide the Chairman of the Board Audit and Risk Committee (BARMC) with a summary of cases reported with results of investigation. All reported cases must be forwarded to the Central Bank of Nigeria (CBN) and the Nigerian</p>

		Deposit Insurance Corporation (NDIC) within seven (7) days following the end of each quarter.
4	Human Capital/Group Chief Human Resource Officer	<p>Human Capital shall sensitize all staff on whistle blowing every month.</p> <p>Human Capital shall create awareness on the whistle blowing procedures during onboarding and inclusion programs for new hires.</p> <p>The Group Chief Human Resource Officer shall implement the report of investigations that relates to the Group's employees in line with the laid down disciplinary procedure as contained in the staff handbook.</p>
5	Group Chief Compliance Officer	The Group Chief Compliance Officer shall monitor to ensure the submission of quarterly reports on whistleblowing and corporate governance compliance status. These reports must be forwarded to the Central Bank of Nigeria (CBN) and the Nigerian Deposit Insurance Corporation (NDIC) within seven (7) days following the end of each quarter.
6	Group Chief Finance Officer	The Group Chief Finance Officer shall ensure a whistleblowing compliance status report is included in the Group's audited financial statements.
7	Board Audit and Risk Committee	The Board Audit and Risk Management Committee (BARMC), through the Company Secretary, shall make available to all committee members, quarterly reports submitted by the Group Chief Audit Executive/ Investigator on whistleblowing, and treat all whistleblowing concern(s) brought to the attention of the committee timely.

SECTION 4.0: WHISTLEBLOWING PROCEDURES

The Group has endorsed the provisions set out below to ensure that no employee or stakeholder is at a disadvantage while raising legitimate concerns.

The procedure involves steps that should be taken by the whistle blower in reporting a misconduct, and steps required for the investigation of the reported misconduct.

- 4.1 The Group's whistle blowing policy and procedure shall be made known to employees, directors, and other stakeholders such as contractors, shareholders, job applicants and the public through its official website.
- 4.2 A whistle blower shall disclose any information connected with the activities of the Group which indicates any of the following:
 - I. That an infraction has been committed.
 - II. That a person has failed to comply with applicable laws, internal policies, and procedures etc.
 - III. That someone has concealed matters falling within (i) and (ii) above.
- 4.3 Reasons for whistleblowing:
 - We have a right and duty to report
 - Silence is not always golden
 - Silence may imply that we condone misconduct
 - Silence may imply that we are parties to the misconduct
 - Failure to report may cast doubt on our integrity
 - Swallowing the whistle leads to unchecked fraud and misconduct
 - Above all, unreported fraud or gross misconduct may result in loss of jobs and other benefits, which adversely affects everyone
- 4.4 A whistle blower may raise concerns through any of the following options (this may be done either by declaration or in confidence/ anonymously); The concerns can be raised through the external mechanism with KPMG or the internal mechanism to the designated persons. The designated persons are Group Chief Executive Officer, Group Chief Audit Executive, Group Chief Compliance Officer, Group Chief Human Resources Officer of Sterling Financial Holdings Company Plc. KPMG will be required to transmit the concerns to the designated persons.

Option1 — Internal Mechanism:

- Formal letter to the Group Chief Executive Officer or the Group Chief Audit Executive, Group Chief Compliance Officer, Group Chief Human Resources Officer, Sterling Financial Holdings Company Plc.
- The dedicated whistleblowing channels:
- Hotline- 081431689, 08068250302, 08170591026
- Email: whistleblowing@sterling.ng
- Website: <https://sterling.ng/support/whistle/>

Options 2 – External Mechanism

KPMG Ethics line;

- The following hotlines.
 - All network tollfree lines
 - 0800 123 5276
 - 0800 123 5764
 - KPMG's email: kpmgethicsline@ng.kpmg.com
 - KPMG's website <https://apps.ng.kpmg.com/ethics>
 - KPMG Whistleblowing application: Download the KPMG Whistleblowing Application from Google and Apple Store.

Reported concerns shall be transmitted by KPMG to Sterling Financial Holdings Company.

- 4.5 A whistleblower (internal or external) may choose to report directly to any of the following regulatory bodies that have oversight function on the activities of the Group:
- Central Bank of Nigeria (CBN), email: anticorruptionunit@cbn.gov.ng
 - Nigerian Deposit Insurance Corporation (NDIC), email: info@ndic.org.ng or helpdesk@ndic.org.ng
- 4.6 Reporting Format - The concern(s) from the whistleblower shall be presented in the following format:
- Background and history of the concerns with relevant dates
 - Reasons why the whistle blower is particularly concerned about the situation and supporting evidence for the allegations, if available, would be helpful in the investigation
- 4.7 The Group's response shall be presented in the following ways:
- 4.7.1 All whistleblowing reports shall be treated as "confidential"
- 4.7.2 Where appropriate, the matter raised may:
- Be investigated by Management, Group Internal audit or through The Group's disciplinary process.
 - Be referred to the police
 - Be referred to external auditors
 - Form the subject of an independent inquiry
- 4.7.3 To ensure fairness and justice for those accused of misdeeds or possible malpractice, initial inquiries will be made to decide if an investigation is appropriate. The overriding principle of The Group is the stakeholders' interest. Concerns or allegations, which fall within the scope of specific procedures, will be referred for consideration under those procedures (for example, operational misconduct or discrimination issues).

4.7.4 Some concerns may be resolved by agreed action without the need for investigation. If urgent action is required, this will be taken before any investigation is conducted.

4.7.5 Immediately acknowledging that the concern has been received by:

- Indicating how the matter will be handled
- Giving an estimated period for provision of a final response
- Stating whether any initial enquiry has been made
- Supplying the whistleblower with information on available support mechanisms
- Stating whether further investigations will take place and if not, with appropriate reasons.

4.7.6 The frequency of contact between officers considering the issues and the whistleblower will depend on the nature of matter(s) raised, potential difficulties involved, and clarity of information provided. If necessary, The Group will seek further information from concerned parties.

4.7.7 The Group will take necessary steps to minimize any difficulty which the whistleblower may experience as a result of raising the concern. For instance, where the whistle blower is required to give evidence in criminal or disciplinary proceedings, The Group will arrange for the individual to receive advice/counselling about the procedure.

4.7.8 The Group accepts that the whistle blower needs to be assured the matter shall be addressed accordingly thus, subject to legal constraints, The Group shall send an automated response to the whistle blower that the reported case is being investigated.

4.7.9 The Group shall ensure that appraisal process recognizes such contributions by employees and where necessary, letter of commendation or appropriate reward shall be given to deserving employees. Incentives, subject to EXCO approval, shall be provided to the whistleblower

4.8 Feedback to the Whistleblower:

- I. The Group Chief Audit Executive shall communicate to the whistleblower, as applicable, on the outcome of investigations conducted within the limits of confidentiality or legal restrictions. This feedback will only be considered for whistleblowers who provided communicating address at the point of blowing the whistle.

4.9 Rights of persons implicated:

- I. Any person(s) implicated by reports of irregularities shall be notified in good time of the allegations made against them provided that this notification does not impede the progress of procedure for establishing the circumstances of the case.

4.10. Penalties for those taking retaliatory actions:

4.10.1 Any form of retaliation undertaken by an employee against any person for reporting an irregularity in good faith is prohibited and considered to be a breach of loyalty and professional ethics. In such a case, disciplinary measures will be taken against such employee.

4.10.2 Employees will be informed about measures taken by The Group following discovery of acts of retaliation for reporting an incident. The information provided will not contain any data that may reveal the identity of the concerned persons

4.11 Penalty for deliberate falsification of concerns

4.11.1 Where a false report is established to be non-intentional or non-malicious, the whistle-blower shall be cautioned.

4.11.2 Where an employee is the whistleblower of a falsified concern established to be intentional or malicious act, the following will be meted as punishment:

- i. **First Time Offender:** 4 weeks suspension without a warning letter.
- ii. **Subsequent Offender:** Termination of employment of the employee with a report to the CBN.

SECTION 5.0: PROTECTION OF THE WHISTLEBLOWER

5.1 This Policy is formulated to offer protection to whistleblower(s) who disclose concerns, provided the disclosure is made:

- I. In the reasonable belief that it is intended to show malpractice or impropriety.
- II. To an appropriate authority or person

5.2 The Group shall treat all disclosures resulting from whistleblowing in a confidential manner with the identity of the whistleblower kept confidential.

5.3 Stakeholders may disclose their name when filing reports to make their reports more credible. However, anonymous disclosures may be considered on discretionary basis considering the following factors:

- I. The gravity of the issue
- II. Significance and credibility of the concern; and
- III. Possibility of confirming the allegation

5.4 In making a disclosure through whistleblowing, the individual must exercise due care in reporting the concern. If, however, an individual makes malicious allegations, and particularly if he or she persists with making them, provisions of Section 4.11 of this Policy shall apply.

5.5 The Group shall not subject a whistleblower to any detriment whatsoever, on the grounds that he or she has made a disclosure in accordance with the provisions of this Policy.

- 5.6 Where a whistleblower has been subjected to any detriment in contravention of the above, he or she may present a complaint to the CBN. This is without prejudice to the right of the whistleblower to take appropriate legal action.
- 5.7 An employee who has suffered any detriment by reason of disclosure made, pursuant to the provisions of this Policy, shall be entitled to compensation and/or reinstatement, provided that in the case of compensation, the employee's entitlement shall be computed as if he or she had attained the maximum age of retirement or had completed the maximum period of service in accordance with his condition of service. For other stakeholders, the whistle blower shall be adequately compensated. This is, however, at the discretion of Management.
- 5.8 For this Policy, the word "detriment" includes dismissal, termination, redundancy, undue influence, duress, withholding of benefits and/or entitlements and any other act that has negative impact on the whistleblower.

Document Control Sheet

Version and Update History

10	Document Version	Document Revision History/ Group	Document Author/Reviewer
October 2024	1.0	New Policy	(Group Head, Governance & Compliance Risk Management)